

## REMOVAL

The Invertash Floral Company  
have moved from 35 Fort St. to  
39 GOVERNMENT ST.

R. J. W. BRIDGMAN, Manager.

VOL. LXXXII.—NO. 69

# The Daily Colonist.

VICTORIA, B. C. WEDNESDAY AUGUST 30 1899

FORTY-SECOND YEAR

WELLINGTON and COMOX  
HOUSEHOLD  
COAL & CO.  
Hall, Goepel & Company  
Telephone 83  
100 Government Street

## Sterling Silver and Cut Glass, Silver Mounted....

Large shipments of these goods have just arrived from Europe. This year's goods and this year's price, which is lower than ever.

**Challoner & Mitchell,**  
Jewellers. 47 Government St.

## Perinet Champagne

Why not drink the best?

**HUDSON'S BAY COMP'Y**  
AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

## Just Watch....

The way we are knocking down prices. It has now become an every-day affair with us, and low figures at all times prevail.

Monkey Brand Soap... 5c bar (Want Wash Clothes)  
Our Laundry Bar... 5c bar (Want Wash Clothes)  
Toilet Soaps... 10c, 15c, 25c box  
Full Line Stove and Scrub Brushes.  
Morgan's Fresh Frozen Oysters.

**Dixi H. Ross & Co.**

H. W. Treat, Thos. Kiddie,  
Pres. Treas., and Smelter  
General Manager.

**Van Anda Copper and Gold Co.**

Purchasers and Smelters  
OF COPPER AND COPPER-GOLD ORES

Works at Van Anda, Texada Island, B.C. Rates on application. Cash paid on settlement of assays.

**Mr. Herbert Cuthbert**  
AUCTIONEER

Will sell by auction on the premises, 150 Menzies street, James Bay, on Wednesday, Aug. 30

at 2 p.m., the whole of the desirable FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

Including very handsome English Dinner Service, 100 pieces, cost \$80; Extension Dining Table, Sideboard, 6 Ben Wood Dining Chairs, Fine Banquet Lamp, Dinner Plate, Dessert Knives, Forks, Spoons, Waiter's Chair, Part Diner Service, 6 Coffee Cups and Saucers, High Chair, Rattan Settee, Easy Chairs, Bamboo Five O'clock Tea and Occasional Tables, Cherry Occasional Tables, Engravings and other Pictures, Bric-a-Brac, Fine Guitar and Mandolin, Small English Bed, Single Bed, Double Bed, Small English Duster Quilt, Oak Bed Set, Maple Bureau, Several Camp Beds, Child's Cot, Fine English Blankets, Bed and Table Linen, Large Carpet, Rugs and Squares, 18 yards, Fine Ojibway, Damask Lace and All sorts of Artistic Spring Mattresses, Two Fine Chests of Drawers, Toilet Services, Cook Stove with Coal, Kitchen Tables and Chairs, Cooking Utensils, Carpenter Tools, Blinds throughout the house. Delivery day of sale. House open 1 o'clock. The premises to let, terms cash.

HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

"The book of the week."—New York Herald.

"An entertaining book."—Montreal Star.

"What people want to know is just what the life itself is like, and this Mrs. Hitchcock tells us."—Victoria Colonist.

"Full of fresh and fascinating interest; profusely illustrated."—Victoria Times.

Copies of the first edition, which is being rapidly exhausted, to be obtained only by subscription. Telephone or call at Driford Hotel, where subscription list is now open.

**AUCTION.**  
THURSDAY, AUGUST 31ST

AT 2 P.M.  
City Auction Mart, 73 Yates St.

HOUSEHOLD

Furniture and Effects

Parlor Suite, Bed Lounge, Single Lounge, Bedroom Sets, Mattresses, Carpets, Two Sewing Machines, Mattress Linoleum, Cook Stoves, Tables, Chairs, Rockers, Lamps, Chest of Drawers, Refrigerator, Lawns, Mower, Boys' Cradle and Buggy, Lady's and Gent's Bicycles, Two Sets Single Harness, etc. Terms Cash.

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

\$1.00 Will deliver a sack of good pastry to your house, and \$1.15 will bring 100 lbs. good eating potatoes. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market, Tel. 413.

17 Trenance Avenue. Telephone 683.

## THE DAWSON FIRE....

### A LESSON TO BE LEARNED.

Before concluding any arrangement for shipping your freight from Bennett to Dawson, please write or give us a call. By using our barges you can carry your freight for very much less than what steamboats would charge you. Two thousand tons were sent down to Dawson in our barges during the season of 1898 without loss or accident. Cattle shipped in this way arrive without loss of weight and in the best possible condition for making good beef. On your arrival at Dawson you have your own warehouse and necessary supplies of flour, bacon, lard, bacon, salted meat, stores, etc., while at the same time you run no risk from fire. Insurance on route on cargo may be effected at our office if you so desire. If you wish to make rapid time we will arrange to have you pass the lakes.

Verify these facts before shipping your freight and it will save you money. Lumber, boats and merchandise of all kinds constantly on hand at our mills at Bennett Lake.

**Victoria-Yukon Trading Co.,** Head Office, Broad St. Victoria B.C.

## HIGH CLASS

### PRESTON'S & MERRILL'S BAKING POWDER....

Put up in 12 oz. and Medium (6 oz.) Tins.

YOUR GROCER KEEPS IT.

**R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.**  
BRITISH COLUMBIA AGENTS.

## Methylated Spirits for

### VAPOR BATHS.

\$2.00 PER GALLON J. W. MELLOR, 76-78 Fort St.

## HOODE'S

## Straight Cut Cigarettes

MANUFACTURED BY

**B. Houde & Co. Quebec**

Are Better than the Best.

Wholesale at B. C. Jobbing Co., 31 Store Street, Victoria.

## Ocean Accident & Guarantee Corp'n, Ltd.

LONDON, ENGLAND

### THE Special Sickness Contract

Is issued with any of the accident insurance policies of the "Ocean," and covers disability caused by Pneumonia, Peritonitis, Pleurisy, Bronchitis, Appendicitis, Meningitis, Diphtheria, Diphtheria, Erysipelas, Typhoid Fever, Typhus Fever, Small Pox, Variola, Tetanus (Lock Jaw), Measles, Scarlet Fever, Asiatic Cholera.

The Cheapest and Most Liberal Sickness Policy Issued.

Annual Premium \$10 for \$25 per Week Indemnity.

**Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.,** General Agents for British Columbia...

**B. C. MINING & EXPLORATION CO., LTD.**

(Non Personal Liability.)

Capital \$150,000, divided into 600,000 shares of 25 cents each.

Properties owned by the company comprise 100% mining claims situate in East and West Kootenay, Mt. Steckler, V.I., and West Coast, V.I.

Vendors have taken shares in full payment for properties, which shares have been pooled until 100,000 treasury shares have been sold.

Over \$12,000 has been already expended on these properties.

For further particulars and sample of ore apply to

**A. W. More & Co.,**

86 Government St. VICTORIA

## Mining Shares

Rambler-Carboon has advanced the last few days from 33 to 42; Waterloo from 8½ to 11; Silver Bell from 4 to 8; Morrison from 12 to 18; Wonderful from 4 to 8.

The same opportunities are open to investors today, and to those who desire to invest in mining shares we recommend the following:

Noble Five at ..... 21

Carboon of Camp McKinney ..... 1.33

Waterloo ..... 10%

Fontenoy ..... 16½

Rathmullen ..... 8%

Whinlup ..... 32

Dardanelles ..... 15

Van Anda ..... 11

Evening Star ..... 12

Republic ..... 1.20

Morrison ..... 18

Iron Colt ..... 11

Jim Blaine ..... 27

Lone Pine-Surprise ..... 23

For correct quotations up to date on all B. C. mining stocks call at our office.

**A. W. MORE & CO.,**

Stock Brokers

86 Government Street.

## New Terror

### For Dreyfus.

Court Martial Trial May Be Interrupted and Commenced Anew.

Suggested Arrest of General Mercier Would Have This Paralysing Effect.

Another Day Favors Prisoner and Adds to Confusion of General Staff.

By Associated Press.

Rennes, Aug. 29.—Neither side was pleased with the outcome of to-day's proceedings before the court-martial. The Dreyfusards expected that Col. Cordier, who was deputy chief of the intelligence department under the late Lieut.-Col. Henry, would testify that the bordereau was received directly by the late Col. Sandher. Had this expectation been realized, the testimony would have been a strong point in favor of the accused, because it would have been a reply to the anti-Dreyfusards who have all along contended that Henry received the bordereau and forwarded it to Sandher, a thing he would not have done had the bordereau been as the Dreyfusards assert, written by his accomplice, Estorazy, for in that event he would have recognized the writing when he received the bordereau from the German embassy and would have suppressed it instead of forwarding it to Sandher. Col. Cordier, however, testified to-day that he was absent from the intelligence bureau when the bordereau arrived, but that he believed it was received by Henry. Naturally this statement elated the anti-Dreyfusards, but the Dreyfusards had good reason to congratulate themselves upon the remainder of Cordier's testimony, as it was wholly in favor of Dreyfus. On the other hand, the demand of members of the general staff for an opportunity to confront Col. Cordier was a good piece of tactics from the point of view of the anti-Dreyfusards, because all the points they contested were not of the first importance, yet their very appearance on the stage and their contradictions of some of Cordier's statements left a disagreeable impression.

The appearance of Gen. Mercier to question Col. Cordier came as a surprise to many of the audience, who had supposed that after last Saturday's scene, when Mercier was confronted with Capt. Freystaetter, he would remain quiet, but Mercier is game to the death. His action to-day is interpreted as intended to show that he is not going to throw up the sponge. The part he played in 1894 has him open to arrest, and this is a constant topic of discussion in the cafes and at other meeting places in Rennes.

There appears to be an excellent reason why the government should not take any such step until the trial is over. (Continued on Third Page.)

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "NEWS-ADVERTISER."

SIR,—Some time ago the despatches sent from Vancouver to several Eastern Canadian newspapers were so characterized by falsehood and exaggeration, that even the "Colonist," which can do quite a little in that line itself, thought it necessary to write an editorial on the subject. In the course of the editorial the representative of the Eastern papers was somewhat severely handled, and spoken of as "a mendacious liar" and "all untruthful."

The above episode was strikingly recalled to my mind to-day when I saw Sunday's "Colonist," containing what purports to be an interview with me. I did not know the "Colonist" had been resurrected in the flesh. I know him now, and I think I shall probably keep him at a distance from me in future. For wilful misrepresentation in nearly every particular, I would be willing to back that interview against anything of the kind I ever saw before. Things I did say and attached importance to, are not reported at all; things reported, in nearly every case, are not as I said them. But I am told this was only what was to be expected from the party to whom I am indebted for Sunday's issue tells me the paper has been full of editorials lately based on information sent them from the same authoritative and reliable source, as to some "caucus" meeting held a short time ago in Vancouver at which it was said I was present. Here again the representative is living up to his reputation, for if there was such a meeting (which I doubt), I knew nothing whatever about it, and I was certainly not at it.

As the "Colonist" appears to be anxious to know how I stand in regard to the present Government, I will tell it. My position is exceedingly simple. If the Government make any attempt to repeal the Eight-Hour or Alien Labor legislation of last session, I shall oppose them. If they leave that legislation alone, and introduce further legislation which I can approve, I shall support them. That position may not suit the "Colonist," but I think it will suit the vast majority of my constituents. The "Colonist" should know that we fought too many years in this Province to rid it of the Government (largely in their own interests) of a small Victoria oligarchy for us to take any measures to get that oligarchy quickly back into power again.

Yours, etc.,

ROBERT MACPHERSON, M.P.P.

Vancouver, August 28th, 1899.

The fact of the matter is that Mr. Macpherson is blindly seeking escape from a pitiful dilemma. He feels that if he should vote to maintain the government he would be immediately turned down by those of his constituents who resent the dismissal of Mr. Joseph Martin, and the refusal to lease Deadman's Island for the Ludgate mill, while to follow Martin's lead into opposition would imperil the so-called labor legislation of last session. The situation has rattled him and caused

(Continued on Second Page.)

## FOR SALE.

(SUBJECT TO CONFIRMATION.)

House on Stanley avenue..... \$2,800

House on Stanley avenue..... 2,500

House on Stanley avenue..... 2,750

House on Stanley avenue..... 2,500

Two lots on Stanley avenue (each)..... 500

Lot on Cadboro Bay road..... 500

Lot on Cadboro Bay road..... 1,500

House on St. James street..... 8,000

Acres on Victoria Avenue (each)..... 1,000

Two houses on Speed avenue (each)..... 700

Three houses and 7 lots, Esquimalt..... 2,600

Three lots and 4 houses in Esquimalt..... 2,000

House and lot on Oak Bay Avenue..... 1,200

Large property on Johnson street..... 40,000

## WarCloud At the Cape.

**Women and Children Hurrying From Johannesburg to Escape Its Fury.**

**Prospect That Only Force of Arms Will Bring Transvaal to Terms.**

By Associated Press.

London, Aug. 30.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, telegraphing Tuesday, says: "Events have taken an alarming turn. Great Britain, at the request of the Uitlanders' council, has enlarged the original demands of Sir Alfred Milner, British high commissioner, and is adopting the view of Cecil Rhodes that President Kruger will never withstand an ultimatum. I have, however, high authority for asserting that President Kruger, the raid and the nation will unite to resist an unconditional demand for giving effect to the Milner programme, but will concede reforms on conditions already reported."

The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "A pitiable scene was witnessed at the railway station to-day on the arrival from Johannesburg of 150 children whose parents are too poor to come themselves. It is estimated that 15,000 people have left the Transvaal since the crisis began. In the house of assembly it was considered a proposal to afford greater facilities for women and children to leave Johannesburg. Bechuanaland is in a state of ferment, owing to fears of a Boer raid. Col. Baden-Powell's forces there are wholly inadequate to protect such an extended frontier, and the Boers appear to be quietly concentrating in the western part of Transvaal. A Boer spy has been arrested in Ramatambaba Camp, in British Bechuanaland."

The Times, referring editorially to the statement of Hon. W. P. Schreiner, the Cape Premier, that in the event of war he would do his best to keep Cape Colony aloof from the struggle, says: "This is a startling misconception of duty. When the government of the Queen declares war it is the duty of all loyal subjects, whatever their position, not to keep aloof, but to do their utmost to bring the struggle to a successful end."

### SATISFIED WITH ATLIN.

Vancouver Citizen Says Only Drawback Has Been Blundering of the Government.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Aug. 29.—J. Coot, one of Vancouver's prominent citizens, was interviewed by a World representative to-day on his return from the Atlin gold fields. He said:

"I worked hard to put the present government in power, and was glad to see them elected, but now I would like to see the government out of business entirely. Of all the rotten administrations I ever heard of, I think the worst has taken place in Atlin this summer."

"In spite of this feature, I was very agreeably surprised at the condition of things and evidences of prosperity that I saw. Most of the Vancouver people who are there are doing well indeed and are taking out considerable gold, but of course the output this season will not be anything like what it will be next year. I have seen some of the gold myself and I know that the country is good, from an every-day standpoint. There are claims which quite frequently take out an ounce per day to the man, and that will pay all right. On Pine, Spruce and the other creeks work is going ahead apace. The country is all right, but the government should be put out of business for the way in which they have handled it."

### DON'T TEAR DOWN—BUILD UP.

The old-fashioned theory of tearing down disease was entirely changed by the advent of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, which cures by creating new, rich blood and nerve tissue. Through the medium of the circulation and the nerve system, they strengthen and invigorate every organ in the human body.

### BLOW BREAKS MAN'S NECK.

London Teamster Finds Death in a Quarrel With Ex-Pugilist.

London, Ont., Aug. 29.—(Special)—Andrew Gowenlock was killed last evening in the stable yard of the One Mile house. Gowenlock had been drinking during the day, and quarrelled in the evening with George Harding and W. Dyer, two hostlers. They proceeded to blows, and Gowenlock was struck dead by one of the men. The deceased probably received a blow on the chin, forcing his head back so as to break his neck. Harding was formerly a pugilist, and is believed to have struck the blow. He and Dyer are under arrest.

Gowenlock was aged 45, and a teamster doing work on the city sidewalks.

### DOES THIS STRIKE YOU?

Muddy complexion, Nauseating breath comes from chronic constipation. Karl's Clover Root Tea is an absolute cure and has been sold for fifty years on an absolute guarantee. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. Sold by Henderson Bros.

AT ALL BARS  
AND RESTAURANTS

**MARTEL'S THREE STAR BRANDY.**  
OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

FOR EXCLUSION FROM ATLIN.  
Washington Will Press the Claims of the United States Miners.

Washington, Aug. 29.—The law board of the department of state to-day decided to entertain the claims of American miners driven out of Atlin as an international question. The miners will have to prove that their property was of value, and also that the British Columbia act and its administration was the cause of their loss. The state department authorized Col. Lewis, chief counsel for the miners, to present the details of their claims directly to Ambassador Choate, who will in turn, by request of Secretary Hay, present to Lord Salisbury an official request for some joint tribunal to decide the merits of the claims.

The Canadian government has seen in this a good chance to press the border controversy. Premier Laurier, of Canada, it is understood here, will go to London, and, accompanied by Minister of Fisheries Davies, insist that no action be taken concerning the Atlin mining matter or any other of the American claims, except upon condition that America will include in arbitration the border contention and admit at the outset an open question as to whether Behn Canal or Portland Canal was the waterway mentioned as the border point in the treaty and purchase between the United States and Russia.

Everything is being done to force concessions by the United States upon the border. It is very probable that the rights of Atlin miners, as well as all other questions involved in the American-Canadian commission, will be made to turn exclusively upon the willingness of the United States to arbitrate the border question at the same time.

The commission is supposed to have a secret understanding of the re-assembling in November. All questions to be arbitrated are to be included at that time.

Colonel Lewis sails for London Wednesday morning on the St. Louis. Assistant Secretary of State Crider sails on the next steamer, bearing official propositions of Canada respecting further arbitration of the question of the border. Colonel Lewis expects to be gone not more than 20 or 30 days.

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—The report appearing in a morning paper of the likelihood of a reunion of the high commissioners at Washington to frame a report to congress is not confirmed. Canada has taken her stand on the Alaskan boundary matter, and till that is disposed of other issues cannot be touched.

### SHARES, METALS AND GRAIN

THE BAND IN VANCOUVER.  
Two Immense Audiences Skilfully Handled and Delighted With the Music.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Aug. 29.—Godfrey's band was received with the greatest enthusiasm by the immense audiences attracted to Brockton Point. At the conclusion of the performances "God Save the Queen" was sung by the assembled thousands, to the accompaniment of the band. Then three rousing British cheers and a tiger were given for Dan Godfrey. The weather was clear and pleasantly warm. The big grand-stand was filled at both concerts with those who paid \$1.50 a seat, and there were many hundreds of people in the lacrosse enclosure who paid 50 cents to enter the grounds. Perfect order was maintained and there was not a murmur of disapproval at the way the big event was managed. Mr. Jamieson deserves the greatest credit for his management of the big crowds at the evening performances. The grounds were brilliantly lighted, and lanterns were placed at intervals along the path through the woods to the city.

Victoria audiences should insist upon the flute soloist, Mr. Redfern, giving a double number. He is simply a marvel; so is the cornet soloist. While all the music was grand and effective, perhaps the most catchy piece played was the "Paree." Victoria should insist upon the Paree being given as an encore.

### WHEAT

Wheat—  
Sept. 69% 70% 69% 70%

Dec. 71% 72% 71% 72%

Corn—  
Sept. 28% 28% 28% 28%

Dec. 30% 30% 30% 30%

Pork—  
Sept. 822 827 822 825

Dec. 845 845 842 845

Visible supply of wheat ..... 34,600,000

Visible decrease of wheat ..... 1,882,000

WHEAT—  
NEW YORK, Aug. 29.

Open High. Low. Closed.

Wheat—  
Sept. 15% 15% 15% 15%

Dec. 13% 13% 13% 13%

Corn—  
Sept. 11% 11% 11% 11%

Dec. 11% 11% 11% 11%

Tobacco—  
Sept. 131 131 128% 128%

Atchison, pfd. .... 66% 66% 65% 65%

U. K. 70% 80% 79% 79%

S. C. I. 97 97 99% 99%

Atchison ..... 20% 20% 22% 22%

N. Y. 81% 81% 80% 80%

B. N. T. 101 105% 103% 105%

N. D. 50% 50% 50% 50%

U. S. 47% 47% 46% 46%

A. S. W. 50 50 50 50

WHEAT—  
NEW YORK, Aug. 29.

Local Share Market

(Reported by Cathcart & Co.)

TUESDAY, Aug. 29.

The market has been very active to-day, with a decided upturn tendency. Big Three jumped from 14 to 19, while Rambler-Caribou remained at yesterday's quotation, 42. Athabasca closed strong at 42. Waterton at 10%, and Van Andu at 10%. Rathmines was very strong at 82, while Deer Park was weak at 24, 24; St. Kevens sold at 42; Victory-Triumph at 74.

There is evidently a strong tendency towards higher prices, and it looks as if we were on the eve of a big advance on all standard stocks.

### PERSONAL.

Hugh Logan returned last evening from Vancouver.

E. A. Lilly, manager in Canada for the London Assurance Corporation, is in the city.

Charles Todd and R. J. Ker, were among the Victorians returning from the mainland last evening.

Edgar A. Wills, J. P., secretary and superintendent of the board of trade, Toronto, spent yesterday in the city.

J. Johnston, fortuner of Skeena river, has returned from Dawson. He will go back to the Klondike capital in a few days.

O. C. Bass, official stenographer of the Attorney-General's department, who acted as secretary to the Atlin commissioner, returned from the north on the Cutch.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," so they all say, and their husbands say so, too.

Eastern Capital.—Three of the principal street railway systems of Seattle have become the property of a syndicate of Boston capitalists, and within a few days a fourth line will be transferred from the present owners to the purchasers of the other lines. This is in pursuance of the sale of six of the Seattle lines to Stone & Webster, of Boston, acting for a syndicate of bankers and investors.

McCook—Recalled—Apropos of the rumored recall of Col. J. C. McCook, United States consul at Dawson, a recent arrival from the Klondike metropolis claims to have seen the request for his resignation. The same authority says McCook's successor has been named and his commission made out.

"At the present time J. F. Foulkes, of Victoria, B. C., stands in a class by himself. In all the Pacific Northwest he has no rival. He is playing magnificently, and if he and Champion Whitman could be brought together in Seattle then a definite idea could be formed as to the grade of the best players in the Pacific Northwest, as compared with those in the East.

"To a certain extent Foulkes would be at a disadvantage in meeting the national champion. Reputation counts for something, and experience for still more. Whitman would consider himself fully competent to dispose of Foulkes without great difficulty. If Foulkes gave in to this idea he would not play his game, and then it would be impossible, to get a good estimate. I think, however, that he has nerve, and would rather enjoy a bout with the champion.

"Another interesting match would be that between Ward and Davis, the Harvard doubles, and Foulkes and Hurd. The Harvard men would have a decided advantage, but Foulkes and Hurd ought to play a strong game.

"It will be a rather large undertaking to bring the tennis experts here, and if Seattle club does not attempt it the people of the city ought to render assistance. It is an opportunity such as may not occur again for a long time."

## Hospital Board In Session.

Steps Taken to Collect the Outstanding and Over-due Accounts.

By-Laws to Be Revised and Duties of Committees Defined.

Only routine business engaged the attention of the directors of the Jubilee hospital at the regular monthly meeting last evening. There were present the president, Mr. H. Dallas Helmcken, and Messrs. Wilson, Crimp, Braverman, Forman, Flumerfelt, Day, Holland, Lewis and Drury. The resident medical officer reported the appointment of Mr. Minor as hospital nurse, vice Mr. McPherson, and the action was confirmed by the board. Mr. McPherson is going to the Philippines, and before his departure the board decided that he should be given a letter of recommendation.

Dr. Hasell asked for a week's holiday, which request was granted, and Dr. Robertson was appointed to fill the position temporarily.

The treasurer, on motion of Mr. Forman, was authorized to pay the salaries of last month, amounting to \$630. On motion Messrs. Crimp and Wilson were named as committee to wait on the city council to see what rebate can be obtained on the \$55 taxes for last year, and whether the amount of the taxes could be secured as a donation.

It was decided to allow Mr. E. A. Hartill till the end of the year to collect the hospital accounts. Those still outstanding at the expiration of that time will be turned over to Mr. Church.

A general discussion on the collection of bad debts followed, some members of the board maintaining that the hospital was being imposed on by some. In this connection Mr. Wilson instance some remarkable cases of where patients have tried to cheat the hospital out of its rightful dues. He remembered in the case of a man who had pleaded poverty when admitted into the hospital having had money of his own hidden under the root of a tree. Another patient, who had claimed to be penniless, it was found had \$150 on his person after death.

The Chairman said that he thought it was about time to revise the by-laws. They have not now been touched for a long time, and he suggested that a special committee composed of Messrs. Davies, Yates, Drury and himself be appointed to carry out the work. The board favored the suggestion, and a resolution to that effect was passed.

The President reported that he had seen Mr. Meston, and the latter had stated that the new hospital ambulance would be ready by the end of the week.

Mr. Flumerfelt moved that a special committee composed of Messrs. Flumerfelt, Holland, Lewis and Forman and the President be appointed to take up the question of committees, and define the duties of each.

The motion was carried, with no dissenting vote.

Mr. Holland, on behalf of the building committee appointed to secure plans for the residence for the medical health officer, asked for further time to report.

Mr. Wilson, one of a committee appointed at a previous meeting to see what arrangement could be come to with the employees of the E. & N. Railway, submitted an interim report. The committee, he explained, had not heard from the employees.

### SEATTLE MAY RE-ORGANIZE.

Effort Being Made to Get the Old Rowing Club Together.

An effort is being made to re-organize the Seattle Rowing Club, and if successful the club will join the N. P. A. A. O. At present there are but three clubs in the association—Victoria, Vancouver and Portland. The Seattle club did belong to the association refused to make Lake Washington or Lake Union the permanent course for the annual regatta. Advocates of a permanent course at Seattle are again to the front in the re-organization movement. Seattle has good courses, but so have other cities.

### LACROSSE.

Junior Match.

On Saturday afternoon at Caledonia park the Bays and Victoria West junior teams will play one of the matches in the series for the junior championship and the silver cup presented by Mr. A. E. McPhillips, M. P. P.

### DOES THIS STRIKE YOU?

Muddy complexion, Nauseating breath comes from chronic constipation. Karl's Clover Root Tea is an absolute cure and has been sold for fifty years on an absolute guarantee. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. Sold by Henderson Bros.

Fun, sport and music, at Regimental picnic at Langford Saturday.

### AT ALL BARS AND RESTAURANTS

TRADE MARK

MAGIC SODA EW GILLET

TRADE MARK

SODA FOR SALERATUS IS THE BEST

TRADE MARK

EW GILLET

## New Terror For Dreyfus.

(Continued from First Page.)

Colonel Jouauste, president of the court martial, could adjourn the trial indefinitely if Mercier, who is an important witness, were arrested. If the trial were adjourned for more than 48 hours it would lapse, and the proceedings would have to be gone over again from the beginning.

To-day the attendance was the largest since the opening of the trial. Everybody was on the qui vive to hear the testimony of M. De Freycinet, the former premier and minister of foreign affairs. This ardent politician sat upon the fence as well as he could. His expression of a fear that the Dreyfus agitation would injure the discipline of the army greatly annoyed the Dreyfusards, as it failed to influence the judges against the accused. But he followed it with a eulogy of the pioneer of the Dreyfus campaign, Scheurer Kestner, former vice-president of the Senate, whose character, he said, he held in the highest esteem.

Maitre Labori secured another concession favorable to Dreyfus by getting M. De Freycinet to admit that he could not recall a single fact going to prove that money had been sent into France from abroad to promote a campaign in favor of Dreyfus. The general feeling is, however, that his appearance on the witness stand has not materially helped the case of the accused.

Rennes, Aug. 29.—Col. Corder, deputy chief of the intelligence department under the late Lieut.-Col. Henry, deposed strongly in favor of Dreyfus, and was most anxious in delivering testimony, keeping the court and even the judges roaring with laughter by his quaint manner and witlessness.

He is a short, stout man, with a jolly face and very red nose. The Colonel declared his belief in the guilt of Dreyfus was first shaken when the date of the baccalaureate was given. In May, and later the witness deposed stoutly he was now convinced Dreyfus was innocent. Col. Corder then spoke strongly for Col. Picquart as a conscientious soldier and an honorable man, and threw light upon the situation which existed in the offices of the intelligence department and in the war office.

He explained that Henry was jealous of Picquart because the latter was given charge of the statistical section, which

Henry hoped to get himself. Corder expressed the belief that it was because of Picquart that Henry committed the forgery. This evidence Col. Corder delivered in loud voice, accompanied by humorous asides. Several times he mentioned the ambassador to Germany, which caused President Jouauste to intervene and tell the witness he must not introduce an ambassador's name nor refer to Germany.

Hasty corrections of the tongue, as he did more than once, and the amusing manner in which he avoided mentioning Germany at other times, caused the greatest merriment during his testimony. No fewer than five witnesses rose asking to be confronted with him, but he received the interruptions with the utmost good humor.

Dreyfus spoke a few words at the conclusion of Col. Corder's statements. He said the scene which preceded his arrest was so fantastic it had completely bewildered him and merely left a blunted impression on his memory. The prisoner is now accustomed to his surroundings and has apparently recovered his self-confidence, as he speaks readily and clearly and follows the witnesses closely, taking notes of the various points in their depositions.

Major Lauth first confronted Colonel Corder, and tried to score against him by pointing out that Corder was incorrect in saying there were no anti-Semites on the general staff, since Corder himself was one. The Colonel retorted, turning the tables on the Major, as raising his hand he cried:

"Quite true; I was an anti-Semite, but I never bore false witness against the Jew. I am an honest man."

Col. Corder then administered a well deserved snub to Major Lauth with reference to the work of the intelligence department, since he (Corder) replaced Col. Sandher as chief of the department whenever

the witness concluded, "was merely my assistant; my assistant, mark you." Major Lauth did not enjoy this little scene at all.

Gen. Roget next confronted Corder. The General assumed the same supercilious air which characterized him when he appeared as a witness at the bar, strutting about the stage in disdainful attitudes. His evidence, however, was not very striking; nor was that of Col. Fleuror or the Archivist Grillebin, who also contested the minor points of Corder's deposition.

Finally Gen. Mercier evidently to demonstrate the baseness of the stories of his intention to fly and to show his determination to fight to the last, confronted Corder. The General's remarks were of small importance, the most interesting being his repetition of Colonel Sandher's opinion of Mathieu Dreyfus when the prisoner's brother went to see the Colonel to ask for justice on behalf of Captain Dreyfus. Mercier admitted Sandher said: "Mathieu Dreyfus impresses me as an honest man, who was prepared to make any sacrifice to save his brother."

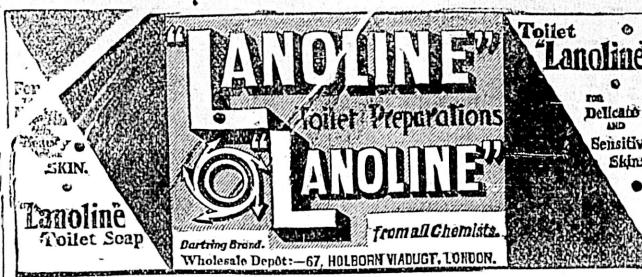
M. De Freycinet, former minister of foreign affairs and premier, followed Colonel Corder on the witness stand. The witness began by expressing the pain which he experienced at the trouble the country was undergoing. He said he remembered the conversation with Gen. Jamont, at which there was a reference to money coming from abroad in support of the Dreyfus agitation, "which while disinterested in France, might not be so abroad." He did not remember the details of the conversation, nor could he say if any amount was mentioned. He then alluded to his fears that "attacks on the chiefs of the army might be prejudicial to discipline, adding, 'might not these attacks lead to the disappearance of discipline, and what then would be the result if we found ourselves in difficulties with foreign countries?'

In short, De Freycinet delivered a patriotic speech rather than a deposition, concluding with the words: "All the world will accept your verdict, which will open up an era of reconciliation." The members of the court martial treated the witness with the greatest deference. Col. Jouauste declined to put to the witness some questions put by Labori, declaring they had no direct bearing on the case. One of these questions referred to the witness' personal opinion of H. Scheurer Kastner, former vice-president of the Senate, who interested himself in behalf of Dreyfus. Although the Colonel refused to put the question, the witness replied that Scheurer was his friend, and he had a high opinion of his character.

The testimony of two minor witnesses concluded the day's session.

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### THE WEATHER.

The following articles are taken from the last issue of the Monthly Weather Review, the official organ of the United States weather bureau:

### THE METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE OF CANADA.

By Prof. R. F. Sturtevant, Director.

The Meteorological Service of Canada is an organization maintained by the Dominion government, and is a branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

The work of the service comprises the issue of weather forecasts for the benefit of shipping, fishing and agricultural interests, the collection of climatological data for purposes of agriculture and the information of immigrants, etc., and scientific meteorological research.

There are now in the Dominion 304 stations at which observations are taken with instruments supplied by the government, and which report to the central office, Toronto. They are divided as follows:

Four first order, sixty-five second order, 206 third order, and eighty-nine rainfall stations.

At Baillif in the Rocky mountains, at an altitude of 1,384 metres, there is at present a station of the second order, and within the next year it is hoped that we shall be able to establish a station with self-recording instruments on the top of Rundle mountain, within a few miles of Banff, at an altitude of 2,921 metres. Thirty-seven stations report by telegraph twice daily, and two stations, St. John, Nfld., and Bermuda once daily; these two latter, although not in the Dominion, are maintained by the Dominion government. Almost invariably, all reports from stations between Lake Superior and Cape Breton are received in the central office by 8:30 a. m. and p. m., and then forwarded without delay to the United States weather bureaus at Washington, via Buffalo, N. Y., from which place some sixty United States stations are in return sent to Toronto, together with the Canadian reports from Manitoba westward to British Columbia. All reports are usually received shortly after 9:30, and the working chart is ready for the forecasting office by 9:15, and by 10 o'clock the isobars have been drawn and some of the forecasts telegraphed to their destination. The bulletin issued at night comprises a short synopsis of the weather during the past day, and generally a description of the existing meteorological conditions, then a list of the highest and lowest temperatures recorded at about a dozen stations, followed by the forecasts for the various districts lying between Manitoba and the Maritime Provinces. These forecasts are for the 24 hours beginning at the following 8 a. m., unless it be expressly stated that they cover a longer period. That same evening the telegraph company sends the bulletins to all points where morning newspapers are published, in which it is generally printed at the head of the column of local news, and then in the morning, on the opening up of the various telegraph offices throughout the Dominion, the first message which goes over the wires is the daily forecast, which is posted up in a conspicuous place in every telegraph office. Up to the summer of 1894, the forecast based on the 8 p. m. was practically the only one issued, but since that time a second forecast, covering the current and the following day, has been issued at 10 a. m. This is sent to nearly all ports, both on the Great Lakes and on the seaboard, and arrangements have recently been made whereby it appears in most of the afternoon newspapers published in the Dominion.

There are in the Dominion seventy stations at which cautionary and storm signals are displayed—thirty-two on the lakes and thirty-eight in the Maritime Provinces. The signals used are drums and cones, the cone alone being hoisted when but a moderate gale is expected, and both drum and cone together when it is thought that the storm will be heavy. The apex of the cone downward indicates southerly and easterly directions, and upward northerly and westerly.

As a means of disseminating more generally the forecasts among the farming community during the summer season, white discs, indicating "fine," "showers" or "rain" are placed each afternoon on the baggage vans of outgoing trains, bearing the forecasts for the next day.

Each morning some seventy-five copies of the weather chart are made by means of a duplicating machine, the mimeograph, and supplied to a few subscribers, to the Toronto newspapers, to the board of trade, and to such business people as engage to post them where they will be seen by the public.

Until the summer of 1898 forecasts were not issued for portions of the Dominion lying west of Manitoba, but arrangements were then made whereby telegraphic reports from stations near the Pacific Coast, together with twelve United States stations, furnished through the courtesy of the Chief of the weather bureau, are forwarded twice daily to Victoria, B. C., at which place the agent of the meteorological service is local forecaster official, and now issues regular daily forecasts based on a weather chart nearly as complete as will be possible until telegraphic communication be established with more northern portions.

The Canadian service fully appreciates the necessity of extending its system of meteorological stations over the northern part of the continent, and we have now observations taken at Herschel Island, in the Arctic Sea, Hay River, latitude 65°—minutes north, longitude 65°—minutes west; Fort Simpson, latitude 61°—minutes west; Fort Churchill, latitude 58°—degrees 11 minutes north, longitude 94°—degrees 11 minutes west; York Factory, latitude 57°—degrees 0 minutes north, longitude 92°—degrees 28 minutes west; Moose Factory, latitude 51°—degrees 10 minutes, longitude 80°—degrees 36 minutes, longitude 51°—degrees 10 minutes west; Fort McPherson, 104°—Occidental Ave.; G. T. Ward, 169°—Columbia St.; TACOMA—G. Wolfe, 1203 Pacific Ave.; Central News Co., corner 11th and Pacific Avenue.

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**The Colonist.**

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1899.

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## THE MACPHERSON INTERVIEW.

We do not think any injustice is done Mr. Macpherson, M.P.P., in suggesting that he did not write the letter to the News-Advertiser which appears in this morning's Colonist. In the first place, there is too much of the "Smart Aleck" about it to emanate from a sober-minded man like Mr. Macpherson. In the next place, it gives itself away, for in the first paragraph the writer professes to be familiar with the course of the Colonist, as he doubtless is; and in the second he claims to be quite the reverse, which is Mr. Macpherson's position. The letter deals with an interview which our Vancouver correspondent, Mr. A. E. Goodman, had with Mr. Macpherson, the interview having been printed in Sunday's Colonist.

The letter purports to be a denial of the interview, but in point of fact it is nothing of the kind. It is simply a tirade of abuse against our correspondent. Mr. Goodman has taken the matter up, and made an affidavit on the subject, which we also print this morning. This affidavit states that the interview, as printed in the Colonist, was as nearly as in Mr. Macpherson's words as our correspondent could get it, and that it is just as stated by Mr. Macpherson. Mr. Goodman is well known in Vancouver, where his reputation is excellent, and his statement made in the affidavit will be accepted by every one.

We think we can understand Mr. Macpherson's position, and any one who has been much around the British Columbia legislature will appreciate it. Almost every day of the session members rise to questions of privilege, claiming to have been misreported. The Colonist has on many occasions had the best possible proof that there was no misreporting in such cases, and the irresistible inference was that the member, on seeing what he said in print, feared to go on record, and wanted to take it back. That Mr. Macpherson stated to Mr. Goodman what was printed in the interview is not open to doubt. That he has been persuaded to think it misrepresented him we also readily admit. Mr. Macpherson has invited castigation by signing the letter in question, but we feel disposed to feel sorry for him for having been persuaded to do what we are sure his better nature revolted against.

Mr. Macpherson's letter defines his position for the benefit of the Colonist. It is that if the government lets the Eight-hour and Alien laws alone, and introduces other measures of which he can approve, he will support them. We note that Mr. Macpherson was careful not to sign a letter declaring himself to be a supporter of the government. He puts himself down as a conditional supporter only. And this is just where the interview with Mr. Goodman placed him, except that he was more guarded in the interview than in the letter. But then he spoke the interview, and he clearly did not write the letter. Mr. Macpherson will not, on reflection, feel particularly grateful to the people who have persuaded him to sign the letter. It puts him in a position from which he cannot escape. It also puts the government in an awkward place, for it secures the opposition the vote necessary to oust the government. Mr. Helgesen has said he will oppose the government if they do not repeal the Eight-hour and Alien laws. Mr. Macpherson says he will vote against them if they do. So one or the other of them is lost to the government certainly. And this one vote added to those of Messrs. Higgins and Martin makes the opposition nineteen, and nineteen is a majority of the house, with the Speaker in the chair.

## THE PORT ANGELES BY-LAW.

We submit that the action of the City Council in regard to the Port Angeles by-law cannot be sustained—that is assuming the postponement of the submission to the taxpayers is to be construed as the assertion of a right on the part of the council to decline to submit it. We shall not do the Mayor and those who seemed to be acting with him the injustice to suppose that they were influenced by an alleged opinion expressed by some one as to the right of the government to aid a railway company having a connection with a foreign country. That there may be no doubt on this point we may inform the council that this point has already been decided. The first decision will be found in the early reports of the Supreme Court of Canada and it was, if we remember aright, confirmed by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. It arose in connection with what were known as the Houlton Branch Railway bonds, where the legislature of New Brunswick sought to authorize a company to build a line to connect with one in the state of Maine and to issue bonds upon the road. It was held that a provincial legislature could not so legislate. But this case has no bearing, as far as we can see, upon the application now before the city council, or if it has there is a proper way to test it. A by-law can be framed that will not be open to the objection that it goes further than the legislature could grant authority to the council.

The position which we wish to take this morning does not relate to the constitutional question, if any is involved, nor to the merits of the proposal, but to the construction which the mayor and certain aldermen seem to place upon the law under which they act. The power of the city council to pass by-laws for the raising of money is given by sections 68, 69 and 75 of the Municipal Clauses act. Section 68 begins by saying that "every municipal council may" and then goes on to speak of the purposes for which money by-laws may be passed. Section 69 directs how certain kinds of by-laws must be brought before the council, and this section applies to the Port Angeles Ferry by-law. Section 75 prescribes the procedure to bring the question to a vote. It is section 68 that vests the power in the council, and we claim that the word "may" therein used will be interpreted by the courts as "must." This is a matter of very great importance. Some four hundred qualified voters have asked the city council to submit a certain proposition to the taxpayers. Other propositions are taking shape and will be submitted. It is possible that a proposal may be so popular that instead of one-tenth of the voters asking for it nine-tenths of them may do so. It is important, therefore, to know if the city council has the right to decline to accede to the request of the taxpayers when made according to law. We submit that the council has no discretion whatever in the matter, and that it must submit the by-law. If this is not the proper interpretation of the statute, one obstinate man may defeat the desire of the whole city.

That the word "may" will be sometimes interpreted "must" or "shall" is a well settled principle in the law, and the circumstances under which it will be so interpreted are also well settled. The city council has no inherent jurisdiction. It is unlike the Crown, which has certain prerogatives, and unlike the courts, which derive from the Crown some of these prerogatives. By the Municipal Clauses act the legislature conferred certain powers upon the council, and when the act says that the city council may do a certain thing under certain conditions, this is to be understood as a grant of power, not as the creation of a discretionary authority. The powers of any body created by statute go no further than the statute authorizes. Therefore when the legislature has said that on a certain thing being done the city council may do a certain other thing, the only power which the council possesses is to do the thing which it is told may do. It has no power to refuse to do it, nor to simply omit to do it and thus make what has been done to comply with the law of no effect. The conferring upon a statutory jurisdiction of power to do a certain act on certain conditions having been complied with, does not carry with it the right to refuse to do the act. The Municipal Clauses act was passed for the purpose of providing machinery to carry out the wishes of the people in the matter of municipal government. The legislature could have provided that the Chief of Police should have the power to submit by-laws, if it had seen fit to do so. Realizing that occasions are likely to arise when the people would desire to vote money for certain purposes not already provided for in the act, the legislature declared that under such circumstances a certain proportion of the taxpayers must move in the matter before the city council could submit a by-law to be voted on. As we have said, instead of directing that the petition should be submitted to the city council, the legislature might have said that it should be directed to the Chief of Police. We mention this to show the fact that the body to which the petition must be addressed is an elective one cuts no figure in the transaction. The petition has been duly signed, and it is clearly a legal obligation on the City Council to submit it for the approval or rejection of the taxpayers.

If the view, which we have above suggested is correct, it follows that the persons promoting this petition have a right to apply to the court for a mandatory injunction compelling the council to act upon the petition. We suggest that the

council will do well not to incur any such litigation and attendant expense, and that very much the wisest course is to allow the taxpayers to have the opportunity to express their views upon the proposal at the earliest possible day. We think it unfortunate that other matters are being mixed up with this one, for the injury done thereby will be general. If the promoters of different objects get into an altercation, the result may be that the taxpayers will turn them all down. By far the best plan is for the city council to keep its skirts free from any suggestion that it is favoring one project as against another, and when the injury done thereby will be general.

If the promoters of different objects get into an altercation, the result may be that the taxpayers will turn them all down. By far the best plan is for the city council to keep its skirts free from any suggestion that it is favoring one project as against another, and when the injury done thereby will be general.

Music in the schools may be a very good thing, but we are not quite sure of the desirability of allowing it to interfere with regular studies, and we are very strongly of the opinion that no fee should be charged in connection with it. The suggestion that teachers should qualify themselves to give elementary instruction in music does not command itself to us. A person may be an excellent all-round teacher, and have no more idea of music than a crow. Moreover, if there is to be musical instruction, let it be good. Improper instruction in music is a great deal worse than none at all.

The United States has a very difficult domestic problem on hand. The government of Italy is making demand for indemnity for three Italian subjects who were killed by a mob in Colorado in 1895. The claim will doubtless be paid. There are several precedents for the recognition of such claims by the government. The extraordinary thing about it is that although the Washington government acknowledges its responsibility in such cases to foreign governments, the states do not acknowledge any responsibility to the central government. The duty of protecting the lives and property of aliens rests upon the individual states.

The responsibility of paying for an injury done has been assumed by the federal authorities. It is clear, therefore, that there is a weak spot here in the United States constitution, and that some day some very serious difficulty may arise because of it. Already complaint is being made that one section of the Union is being made to pay for outrages committed in another section.

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[By Mr. Napier Denison.]

Wednesday, Aug. 30 Thursday, Aug. 31.

Time. h.m.	Height feet	Time h.m.	Height feet
5:20 a.m.	2.7 feet.	6:30 a.m.	3.0 feet.
11:40 a.m.	7.5 feet.	10:10 p.m.	7.7 feet.
5:0 p.m.	8.2 feet.	5:50 p.m.	8.2 feet.
9:35 p.m.	7.8 feet.	10:00 p.m.	7.5 feet.

## THE LOCAL NEWS.

Use Blue Ribbon Flavoring Extracts.

Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside.

If you have beauty,  
I will take it—  
If you have none  
I will make it.

Savannah, Photo.

Best Lawn Mowers at Cheapside.

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental.

Drink "Hondu," purest and best of Ceylon teas.

Atlin Gold Nugget Cigars, big and small. Meiss & Co.

McClary's famous Steel Ranges and Stoves at Clarke & Pearson's.

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.

Hot lunch at the Manhattan from 11 a.m. to midnight.

When you require sporting goods ring up Telephone 645. Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street.

No. 2 P. S. Drawing Book—Fresh supply just received. Victoria Book & Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's).

Prof. Gartner, B.A., vocal and instrumental music. Latest European methods. Studio, 85 Five Sisters' block.

Auction of Furniture.—Mr. Herbert Chittell will sell by auction at 2 p.m. to-day the contents of No. 156 Menzies street, James Bay.

Godfrey's Band.—Tomorrow Victoria is to be visited by Lieut. Dan Godfrey's famous British Guards band. The Drill hall has been comfortably arranged for the two concerts to be given by the band, which, from the present sale of seats, will be attended by the banner crowd of the season. Although the sale of seats has been very heavy, there is still a number of good ones left.

Borne to the Grave.—The funeral of the late James H. Gilchrist took place yesterday afternoon from Hayward's undertaking parlors, in the presence of a large number of his fellow-workmen. The Rev. D. MacRae, of Victoria West, officiated. The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers: George Batt, Charles Clear, Arthur Parbury, William Drysdale, J. Lester and William Murray.

Don't you often hear it said that advertising is a fine art? You require the truth neatly and plainly put. When you hear that "HONDU" Ceylon Tea is the best and purest on the market you have it.

Cheap rates for the National Encampment of the G. A. R., Philadelphia, September 4th to 9th. The Northern Pacific Railway Co. has made the very low rate of \$8.50, Victoria to Philadelphia and return. Tickets on sale August 29 and 30. Good to return until October 31. E. E. Blackwood, agent.

When your head aches, your eyes get sore or spots are seen floating before them, you cannot read, or if so with difficulty, or for any error of refraction, cross eyes or defect of vision, consult Dr. W. J. Harvey, F. O. M. C. I., at Fawcett & Co.'s, 49 Government street. Hours—10 to 12 a.m., and 2 to 5 p.m.

Don't forget that we are still at the old stand with a full line of pure drugs and toilet articles. Prescription work a specialty. Our motto is quality first and always. F. W. Fawcett & Co., 49 Government street.

Laid at Rest.—There was a very large attendance at the funeral of the late Mary O'Sullivan, which took place yesterday morning from the family residence, Quebec street, and later at St. Andrew's R. C. cathedral. At the cathedral solemn requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Nioclave, and at the cemetery Rev. Father Althoff read the impressive funeral services of the Catholic church. The large edifice was filled with the friends of the family, and the casket was buried beneath a profusion of floral offerings. Messes. A. H.

Electric Light

Fittings and

ASSORTMENT OF SHADES

The finest in the province.

It pays to deal with a responsible firm.

HINTON & CO.

62 Government Street.

Pure Lime Juice,  
25¢ A BOTTLE AT  
CENTRAL DRUG STORE

HALL & CO., Dispensing Chemists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

Finlaison, N. Hardie, A. G. Franklin, B. Banty, W. Baynes and E. Geiger acted as pallbearers.

Extended Their Line.—The C. P. R. Telegraph Company have extended their lines through the Boundary district as far as Cascade City, making possible a material reduction in the rates to points in that district.

Oats Are Scarce.—At present there is quite a demand for dry oats for the Klondike trade, as the wet season has made dry oats a scarcity. The price has risen to \$30 a ton, as against \$16 to \$19 this time last year.

Apples Condemned.—Another large shipment of California apples was condemned on Monday by the fruit inspectors. It consisted of 150 boxes which arrived from San Francisco on the Walla Walla. The Island crop of apples is short this season.

Williams Gets a Year.—A conviction having been recorded in the second court against him, of stealing collars and cuffs from one of his numerous namesakes, Charles Williams was yesterday sentenced by Magistrate Hall to two terms of six months each in the common gaol—the terms to run consecutively.

Struck in the Face.—At the outer wharf on Monday Mr. John McHardy received a severe blow in the face from a flying piece of timber. He was standing near a pile-driver when in operation, and was struck by a chip knocked off a pile by the hammer. The blow stunned him, but fortunately he was not seriously injured.

Lepers are Well.—Sanitary Officer Wilson, with Dr. Fraser and a number of other municipal officials, paid a visit to the leper lazaretto at Daecay Island, a day or so ago, leaving supplies, and finding the patients who were burned in the recent fire quite recovered from their injuries, and boasting a new skin that shows no trace of their loathsome disease.

He makes it his boast that he can sell any goods of any kind at practically any price he wants to get. But he asserts that he does it honestly.

"I claim to be the best salesman in the business," he says, "and that's all there is about it. The people know just what they're going against, for I make it a point to tell them."

"As for Stadhagen, I never saw the man before, and I refused to sell to him when he was ready and anxious to buy. I told him if I did the people might think he was acting for me as a what is in the American gamblers call it—yes, a booster."

"When the sergeant of police came on board, after Stadhagen had secured a warrant, I heard them talking. I had gone to bed, and I got up at once and called out to the captain that if they were looking for me to tell them where I was. Then I was placed under arrest, and Stadhagen informed me that if I would give him back the money he had spent with me he would let me go. I declined to do so, and told him that having had me arrested, he would have to see the thing through."

REGIMENTAL PICNIC.

Arrangements Furthered at Meetings Held Monday Afternoon and Evening.

The general committee having in charge the arrangements for the Fifth regiment picnic on Saturday, met Monday afternoon at Col. Gregory's office. The prize committee reported that they had received sufficient prizes, which ensured lots of entries for the events. A committee, of which Capt. Blanchard is chairman, was appointed to attend to the erection of tents and arrangement of the grounds. On Friday afternoon the band will take a trip around the city on a car, as a sort of prelude to the picnic, and on Saturday evening will give a concert at Goldstream. Trains will leave at 9 and 11 a.m., and 2, 4 and 8 p.m. Those attending the picnic, which takes place at Langford Plains, will be carried to Goldstream in the evening without extra charge.

The members of No. 1 Company also held a meeting Monday evening to discuss picnic matters. The action taken by the general committee was endorsed, and it was decided to co-operate with the other companies in a refreshment tent. Bomber C. Harris, Gr. Burgess and Gr. Johnson were appointed as a reception committee for the company.

Victoria Clearing House.—The returns of the Victoria Clearing House for the week ending August 29 were: \$590.88; balances, \$189.82.

More Initiations.—At last evening's meeting of the Native Sons there were 14 initiations and some 30 applications for membership. The order is growing into one of the strongest in the province, and certainly the Victoria Post masters, the largest number of members of any order in the city.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

Last Meeting.—The final meeting of the Societies Reunion committee will be held this evening at Pioneer hall, when a report will be presented showing the expenses, receipts and net amount derived from the first of these gatherings. The meeting will also decide the next place of assembly, and considerable interest has been manifested by the craftsmen generally in this matter. So many men in general are invited, the meeting taking place at 8 p.m. sharp. Cheques are now ready at the office of the treasurer, J. L. Smith, Province Cigar Factory, and those who have not received the amount of their account against the committee are requested to call forthwith.

See the field sports at Regimental picnics at Langford Saturday.

Mr. W. G. Phyllis, proprietor Bodega hotel, Wellington street east, Toronto, says: "While living in Chicago I was in a terrible shape with itching and bleeding piles. I tried several of the best physicians, and was bunt and tortured in various ways by their treatments, but to no avail, besides spending a mint of money to no purpose. Since coming to Toronto I learned of Dr. Chase's Ointment. I used but one box, and have never been troubled with piles in any shape or form since."

All visitors are invited to look through our new show rooms at the corner of Government and Broughton streets, Weiler Bros.

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## LEMP'S BEER

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**LEMP'S BEER**

The Famous "Extra Pale" Beer.

Can be Had at All Hotels and Restaurants  
and from Liquor Dealers Generally. . . .

**ASK YOUR PURVEYOR FOR IT.**

You may be told "There Are Others," but there isn't. Lemp's is THE BEST.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE PROVINCE

**PITHER & LEISER, Victoria, B.C.**

## LEMP'S BEER

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**Before The  
School Board.**

Details of the Business Transacted at Monday Evening's Meeting.

Attendances at the Different Schools and Sizes of the Classes.

Owing to the lack of space yesterday the report of Monday evening's meeting of the school board had to be curtailed. It is now given more in detail.

Mrs. Pemberton wrote, asking on behalf of a class of twelve young women of the Y. W. C. A. studying physical culture, for the use of the Pemberton gymnasium. A similar communication, the chair explained, had been received but refused, except to the request being taken at the time that the precedent would be a bad one to establish.

After a short discussion, Trustee Merchant moved that in consideration of the debt of gratitude to the family and founder of the gymnasium, the letter be received and the request granted, on condition that the lighting be paid for as suggested by Mrs. Pemberton's communication. The motion was carried.

G. T. Burrows wrote offering for sale a lot contiguous to the Spring Ridge school, which would afford an excellent playground for the children. The price the writer asked was \$1,000, and the terms, it was stated, would be the easiest that could possibly be arranged. All that would be asked was \$100 as a deposit, and the balance could run over for a period of three years, with interest at 6 per cent.

The offer was referred to the buildings and grounds committee.

On motion Miss Tingley's and Miss Anderson's application for positions on staff, which had been accepted, were placed on file.

Miss Arthur and Mrs. Taylor explained in a satisfactory manner their forced absence from the opening of the schools.

A communication from Miss Helen Mallett Meritt was then read, in which that lady offered her services for lecturing on physical culture. The letter was received and placed on file on motion of Mrs. Gordon Grant.

A number of communications from the principals were read, each asking in addition to supplies permission to levy fees on school children to defray expenses of the teaching of music. Miss Williams wanted to levy a fee of 5 cents a month on each pupil for this purpose, while the principal of the North Ward asked that the particular fee be double that amount, but voluntary. Miss Cameron, principal of the South Park, had a little different way of raising the desired funds. Through a little misunderstanding a concert had been partially arranged even so far as to have tickets to

what a flag was. While agreeing with the chair, Trustee Merchant asked to have the question sent to the school management committee to report together with the matter of securing supplies. It was commented severely on the way damage had been done to some of the school desks by mischievous boys.

His suggestion was adopted. Accounts to the amount of \$298.26 for school supplies were passed.

Then the music question was brought up. Trustee Merchant said he was not in favor of any levies being placed on school children for these sometimes worked hardly on poor families. He gave instances of this and thought the levy might not be compulsory as it would cause the boy unable to do as his class mates much humiliation. He was a believer in the good effect music had on a pupil, and was of the opinion that the major number of the teaching staff could at present teach the elementary part of music. He doubted the judiciousness of importing a special teacher for the purpose.

Trustee Hall agreed with Trustee Merchant. He was not opposed to the teaching of music, but to the system of levying which the principals proposed. There were more subjects to the school curriculum now than there was time for, and he was in favor of eliminating rather than adding to the number.

Mrs. Williams Grant opposed the two previous speakers. Music, she thought, was more of a recreation than labor, and was a benefit, besides, the nominal fees mentioned would impose no great infliction on any one.

Sup. Eaton stated that in Eastern Canada and the United States wherever the system had been tried the teaching of music in schools by those other than special instructors had been found impracticable.

The money for such instruction should be paid by the board. He hoped that in this instance the board would see its way clear to vote \$100 for this purpose and carry out the work in two schools. The amount he paid for professional services for two hours a week in each of the two schools from now until the end of the term.

Mr. Barton would take up the work. The question was finally disposed of with a resolution opposing the levying of fees and referring the superintendent's suggestion to the school management. As for Miss Cameron's concert, the matter on motion of Mrs. Gordon Grant was left in the hands of the chairman.

The secretary next read a detailed statement of the school attendance, which was as follows:

	1898	1899
High school .....	130	156
Central and Spring Ridge .....	888	980
North Ward and Hillside .....	590	567
South Ward and Kingston .....	458	464
Victoria West .....	241	258
Total .....	2271	2424
Boys' school—Division 1, 34; 2, 46; 3, 44; 4, 45; 5, 48; 6, 42; 7, 50; 8, 54; total, 301.		
Girls' school—Division 1, 39; 2, 49; 3, 52; 4, 65; 5, 56; 6, 50; 7, 58; 8, 56; total, 415.		
Spring Ridge—Division 1, 47; 2, 57; 3, 44; 4, 55; total, 204.		
Victoria West—Division 1, 41; 2, 44; 3, 45; 4, 37; 5, 45; 6, 46; total, 258.		
Hillside—Division 1, 40; 2, 52; 3, 56.		
North Ward—Division 1, 36; 2, 54; 3, 47; 4, 42; 5, 46; 6, 42; 7, 50; 8, 44; 9, 52.		
South Park—Division 1, 45; 2, 50; 3, 42; 4, 43; 5, 52; 6, 55; 7, 54; 8, 44; total, 380.		
Kingston street—Division 1, 39; 2, 42; total, 78.		

Trustee Hall moved seconded by Trustee Merchant, "That a copy of the rules be sent to each teacher, with an intimation that the observance of these rules will be regarded as a condition of the contract between each teacher and the board, and that the finance committee be authorized to draw up a form of contract as the basis of an

agreement with each employee of the board."

Trustee Hall also moved and the motion was carried, that the provisions of clause 3, section 1x of the trustees' rules, providing that a teacher's salary shall be increased except from the beginning of the calendar year shall not be considered as applicable in the case of a teacher transferred during the year from the primary to an intermediate or grammar class, or from an intermediate to a grammar class, and whose salary before transference was less than the minimum sum payable to the world has known have been betrayed into expressions of conceit which would have been discreditable in much smaller men."

If it be true that a "man's greatness may almost be measured by his modesty," it is at least equally true that there are more than sufficient exceptions to prove the rule; for there have been times when many of the greatest men the world has known have been betrayed into expressions of conceit which would have been discreditable in much smaller

men. THINK WELL OF THEMSELVES. Some Great Men Who Are Not Above Being Conceived.

From London Tit-Bits.

If it be true that a "man's greatness may almost be measured by his modesty," it is at least equally true that there are more than sufficient exceptions to prove the rule; for there have been times when many of the greatest men the world has known have been betrayed into expressions of conceit which would have been discreditable in much smaller

men. That Balzac had an adequate estimate of his powers was proved by his saying on more than one occasion, "there are only three writers in France—Victor Hugo, Théophile Gautier and myself."

This verdict, flattering as it was, in a sense, to Victor Hugo, was by no means endorsed by him. When the author of "Les Misérables" heard of it, he is said to have remarked: "If you remove Gautier and Balzac, I have no doubt that will be the verdict of posterity."

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It is to be feared that as long as there are great men they will always prove that they are human by similar exhibitions of vanity.

Mr. Whistler, the gifted artist, would be the last man to claim modesty as one of his attributes. The story has been told how once when a flattering friend said to him: "There are only two great artists living, yourself and—," Mr. Whistler promptly retorted: "Yes, but why include the other man?"

It is very seldom that a great man's vanity expresses itself in dress, as in the case of M. Jean Richerpin, the famous French author. M. Richerpin has been dowered by nature with a most graceful and magnificent figure, to which he does full sartorial justice. His legs are incased in light cashmere breeches and patent leather stockings. He wears a skirt of dazzling whiteness, brown lace over a jacket of black velvet, and on his head he wears a grey Tyrolean hat, decorated with crimson cord and tassels.

REMOVING THE STOMACH.

Recent Experiences Show That Patients May Thrive After the Operation.

The removal of a person's stomach, as a mode of dealing with a cancer in that organ, is a daring operation that was never attempted until about 18 months ago. The subject has died, but after an interval of nearly 14 months, and not in consequence of the operation. The patient was a woman, 50 years old, and was treated in hospital by Dr. Carl Schiatter. The operation consisted in opening the abdominal cavity, severing the stomach, from the oesophagus at one end and the intestine at the other, and then closing up the wound in the abdomen. The patient not only survived, but was able in a few weeks to go away from the hospital, and to eat solid as well as liquid food. The operation was performed on September 6, 1897, and the woman died on October 29, 1898. A month or more before her death she came back to the hospital and complained of occasional discomfort after eating. She was cared for at the hospital, but up to within about forty-eight hours of her death she was able to walk about. A post-mortem examination revealed the fact that the cause of death was a cancerous condition of the mesentery, a membranous structure that assists in holding the intestines in place. No doubt it resulted from a dissemination within the abdomen of the cancerous poison that first attacked the woman's stomach. So that while the operation did not effect a permanent cure, it relieved her suffering greatly and prolonged her life. The most remarkable thing about the case was that after the removal of the stomach the woman was able to digest food, and her system was splendidly nourished. Death was in no sense a result of the operation. Since Dr. Schiatter set the example at least three other surgeons have removed the stomach for cancer. One patient in Wisconsin died within a short time, probably from shock. A second case, in California, resulted more happily. The subject was a woman, and at last accounts she was in excellent health, digesting her food well, and attending to the ordinary pursuits of life. The latest to be recorded is that of an Italian woman in Turin. She was operated upon in January of this year. At the time that Dr. Schiatter reported on the death of his patient he was not informed as to the outcome of the Italian case.

Michael Angelo, the greatest painter

and sculptor of his time, was intensely

jealous of Raphael, whose star rose but

a few years later than his own

and threatened to eclipse it. "Raphael,"

Michael Angelo used to say, "will never

be anything more than my pupil." The

little art he knows, he learnt from me."

Schopenhauer, the great German philos-

opher, was not without artful sense of his



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With Marginal Index

Containing complete up-to-date maps of all countries in the world, and all the individual provinces and territories of Canada and states and territories of the U. S. It is well bound in cloth, and contains 160 pages.

This Atlas is an invaluable aid in the education of the young, and should be in the homes of every one. The marginal index enables the student to immediately locate the position on the map of any town, city or country, with their populations. The study of geography is made easy with the aid of this Atlas.

THE COLONIST has secured the right of sale for Vancouver Island for this Atlas, and it will be sold at the office or mailed to any address for the sum of TWO DOLARS, CASH.

Corby's Rye Whiskey.

In Bond or  
Duty Paid.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

Bell's Suits

...For Half Price.

ARTHUR HOLMES, 78 Yates St cor Broad

After dealing with the requisitions for supplies, another matter cropped up in a suggestion of Miss Cameron for a flagstaff and flag for the South Park school, of which she is principal. Chairman McMicking thought that it was a good thing to let the boys and girls know

*'Thousands drink Blue  
Ribbon Ceylon Tea every day  
Ask any of them what they  
think of it.'*

## Working Mines of This Island.

American Consul Draws Attention to Strides Made in Development.

Enormous Capacity of New Works at the Extension Colliery.

Washington, Aug. 29.—United States mail is credited with having pushed the development of the mineral resources of Vancouver Island during the past year with more energy than heretofore. This statement is made upon the authority of a report from Consul Abraham E. Smith, of Victoria.

The growth of the country has been so rapid that the provincial government is seriously considering the establishment of a telegraph line along the West Coast of Vancouver Island, from Alberni to Clayquot and Ucluelet sounds, a distance of 300 miles, connecting with Nanaimo and Victoria, and the whole telegraph system.

American citizens have secured a 99-year lease on the Copper Island group of mines on Barclay Sound, containing seven claims, and a similar lease on the Trilly and Lucky Lamp groups on Rivers Inlet, and it is their reported intention to establish blast furnaces, steel mills and tinplate works near Port Angeles.

Other interesting data from the report follows:

"An American company is also largely interested on Clayquot Sound, where copper and iron have been developed; also small quantities of gold and silver. Other properties of the same company are the Helga and Good Hope. They are located on Trout river and Disappointment inlet. The Helga is made up of four claims of low-grade ore. This is not shipping ore, and will require a mill on the ground. A contract has been let for a 25-foot tunnel. The Good Hope group has six claims. Contracts have been let for a tunnel 24 feet and two shafts—one 66 and the other 25 feet."

"On Quatsino Sound men are at work on what are known as Queen, King, Tuscarora and Superior claims, said to possess valuable properties.

"An important mine owned by American capital and managed by G. H. Hayes, of Tacoma, has developed on Barclay Sound, near Alberni. Recently a separate and distinct chute of rich ore was struck 120 feet west of the body of ore on which the company has been at work. The new chute shows for 300 feet on the surface. So far the company has shipped 300 tons of ore from the mine, and the smelter returns have been most satisfactory."

VANCOUVER ISLAND COAL.

"The coal output of Vancouver Island for 1898 was 1,118,915 tons. The extension of the Wellington mines, located a short distance from the old collieries, but including a portion of the same seam or vein of coal, has been under way for the past year. During that time a tunnel  $\frac{1}{2}$  miles long has been run in the Alexandra mountain, which strikes the coal at a depth of 500 yards and opens out sufficiently to give an output of 3,000 or 4,000 tons of coal per day. The vein appears to be inexhaustible."

"This mine will be equipped with the most modern electrical machinery, will be lighted by electricity, and the coal taken from the mine to the depot by electric locomotives. The contract for this plant has already been let to a local firm. The electric tram line will be nearly five miles in length and operated by two 150-horse power generators of the most approved type directly connected with automatic high-speed horizontal engines, also 150-horse-power each. This plant also includes two standard mining locomotives, specially constructed and very powerful, each of 100 tons capacity."

"From the electric road the coal will be carried 13 miles on a standard gauge railway to Oyster harbor, which will, after July 1, be the point of shipment, instead of Departure Bay, as heretofore. A portion of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway is used to make this transfer, but it was necessary to build six miles additional of tracks, which are now completed, 500 men having been employed during the past few months. At Oyster harbor, six miles north of Chemainus, on the east coast of the Island, bunkers of 10,000 tons capacity have been erected, as well as two large wharves, where ocean vessels of the largest class can load 800 tons per hour at low tide."

LOGOMOTIVES FROM U. S.

"The total outlay on these improvements reaches a trifle over \$1,000,000, which is all expended by Dunsmuir & Sons of Victoria, the owners of the mines and of the Island railway, who employ over 2,000 men constantly. The ties and lumber come from the mill at Chemainus, the cars are built at the Albion Iron Works, of Victoria, the iron for the rails comes from England, and the locomotives from the United States. Five hundred men are now at work in this new Wellington mine, and it is expected that the number of operatives will be increased to at least 1,500 within the next two years."

"A population of 2,000 is gathered around the Wellington collieries. The machine shops and terminus of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway are also located at this point. A narrow-gauge railway runs four miles east to Departure Bay, where the shipping wharves are situated. In 1897 the output was 232,642 tons, and foreign shipments 188,139 tons. Last year the output was 315,738 tons, and the foreign shipments

locomotive and thirty flat cars. It also operates two steam tugsboats of 100 tons each and six barges, each of the capacity of 250,000 feet of lumber."

"Around the mill has grown up a population of 600, and a United States consular agent is located there."

### LUMBER AND MINERAL.

"For the last year the lumber trade of British Columbia has been comparatively static. The shipments were:

From Chemainus, \$169,351; Vancouver, \$102,919; Cowichan, \$9,300; Salt Spring Island, \$8,200; New Westminster, \$5,700; Moodyville, \$10,435; a total of \$606,001. Of this \$176,303 went to Australia, \$75,303 to China, \$43,496 to South Africa, \$50,111 to the United Kingdom, \$43,228 to Mexico to \$17,500 to South American ports.

"Including all things mined, coal as well as gold, and all the metals, the output of British Columbia for the last 9 years has been as follows:

Year. Value.

1892	\$2,608,803
1893	3,521,102
1894	2,987,539
1895	3,228,430
1896	5,043,717
1897	7,507,456
1898	10,455,288
	10,006,861
	10,000,483

Compared with previous years, the British Columbia salmon pack for 1898 is small, as the following figures will show:

Year.	Quantity.
1892	228,470
1893	500,299
1894	494,371
1895	506,305
1896	601,570
1897	1,024,371
1898	539,483

My friend, look here! You know how weak and nervous your wife is, and you know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve her; now, why not be fair about it and buy her a box?

### PUZZLING THE OKANAGAN.

Why the Governor Now Permits Government by the Confessed Minority.

### From the Vernon News.

Mr. D. W. Higgins has published another letter in which he most emphatically states that he has absolutely severed his connection with the government party. Joseph Martin has recorded an interview to the World in which he once more lays before the public the story of Hon. Mr. Cotton's falsification of the records of the government of Victoria shows an increase over 1897, the number of vessels entering and clearing during the last year being 3,358, against 5,023 in 1897.

The appropriations this year for Victoria by the Dominion of Canada include \$7,000 for wharves and other improvements of the south channel in Nanaimo harbor, and \$30,000 for the works at Esquimalt harbour and the naval station.

### NANAIMO COAL SHIPMENTS.

Considerable improvement has taken place in Nanaimo during the past year, due to the phenomenal increase in the quantity of coal shipped, which has induced miners to move here and bring their families. The total population is now about 4,500.

"The output of coal during 1897 amounted to 319,277 tons, and last year to 520,222 tons, an increase of 200,945 tons. During the same time the foreign shipments increased from 233,349 tons in 1897 to 403,355 tons in 1898. This coal was shipped in 157 steamers and 23 sailing vessels, of which but 12 were of the American register, although of the coal shipped 335,025 tons went to United States ports.

"During the past year the New Vancouver Coal Company increased its storage capacity in that city 8,000 tons. It also erected a new loading wharf, fitted with improved steam tongs which can load 6,000 tons machinery in 12 hours. A separate wharf is now being constructed with the same machinery, so that two ocean steamers can be loaded at the same time. The mines are lighted at the same time. The mines are lighted and motive power furnished by electricity from the company's own plant, consisting of two dynamos. All the electrical plant is of American manufacture, as are also the air compressors used in the mines. A new compressor and 100 tons of rails have arrived from San Francisco to be placed in the mines. All the new machinery, wire rope, and six locomotives are of American manufacture. The company is also a large importer from the United States of bar iron, steel and iron pipe. One thousand two hundred and sixty men are employed by this company, all white except 160 Chinese.

"The New Vancouver Coal Company has started to sink a shaft on the northeast side of Newcastle Island, Nanaimo harbor, which will connect with the present workings at Protection and Newcastle Islands. The shaft will be sunk about 250 feet to the coal, which was found by the bore to be of satisfactory thickness and quality. The company will prosecute the work continuously by the employment of three shifts until the coal is reached. The sinking of this shaft will materially increase the facilities of the company for the output of coal, and the record of 2,600 tons a day will, it is said, be eclipsed by a production of 3,000 tons.

A sawmill is in process of erection, in connection with the sash and door factory, which is expected to have, when completed, a capacity of 75,000 feet per day, and give employment to 140 men.

"A small boot and shoe factory, which employs seven men and makes heavy shoes for miners, loggers and prospectors, has recently been started. The present output is about 600 pairs per year, and it is increasing. American sewing machines are used. Also oak and sole leather from the United States.

### AMERICAN CAPITAL.

"The Victoria Lumber and Manufacturing Company, composed almost wholly of United States capitalists, has the most extensive mills in the province, located at Chemainus, on the East Coast of Vancouver Island, 52 miles north of Victoria, on the line of the Island railroad. It is under the management of E. J. Palmer, with Samuel Herd as superintendent.

"This company has over 150,000 acres of woodland, and 100,000 acres have not yet been touched. The capital is \$750,000, 90 per cent, of which is American. The mills were constructed six years ago, but have not been in full operation more than three years. In the mills are employed 160 men, and 60 additional men are given constant employment on the adjacent grounds and for loading ships. The mills are equipped with all the modern improvements, and turn out 500,000 feet per day of twenty men. Last year the output was 35,000,000 feet, which was loaded at the wharves in deep-sea vessels and shipped to various ports in Australia, South America, Africa, China and Japan.

"The company has built short lines of railroad to logging camps, equipped with

locomotives and thirty flat cars. It also operates two steam tugsboats of 100 tons each and six barges, each of the capacity of 250,000 feet of lumber."

### FOR SALE.

Mr. roomed House and 15 acres, about three acres cleared and four slashed; 40 fruit trees (seven years); nice position, abt 7½ miles from town, \$1,300. Swinerton & Oldy, 106 Gov't St.

### NOTICE.

Pursuant to the order of the Honourable Mr. Justice Drake dated the 11th day of August, 1899, Notice is hereby given that any person, firm or corporation having any interest in or interest in that portion of Lot 182 E' on which the back part of the Teutonia saloon stands and which may be described as follows: Commencing at the Southwest corner of the portion of said lot which appears registered in the name of Ante Sehl on the books in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., running Westwardly a distance of three feet four inches, thence right angles Northwardly twenty-one feet six inches; thence at right angle Eastwardly three feet four inches, and thence Southwardly twenty-one feet six inches be the boundary line, or less if less from the date of said order to four feet from the date of said order to the Teutonia saloon stands and which may be described as follows: Commencing at the Southwest corner of the portion of said lot which appears registered in the name of Ante Sehl on the books in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. 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## THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,  
Victoria, Aug. 29—8 p.m.  
WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

The summer type of high barometric pressure is again spreading inland over this province. It is expected this movement will cause a spell of fine warm weather west of the Cascades and considerable heat between the ranges. A few showers have occurred in the territories and local frosts are reported from Manitoba.

## TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria .....	48	68
New Westminster .....	52	68
Kamloops .....	58	68
Barkerville .....	36	58
Okanagan .....	38	58
Winnipeg .....	40	76
Pastland, Oregon .....	50	72
San Francisco, Cal. ....	52	60

## FORECASTS.

For twenty-four hours from 5 a.m. (Pac. time) Wednesday:

Victoria and Vicinity.—Light to moderate variable winds, fine and warm to-day and probably Thursday.

Lower Mainland.—Light to moderate winds, fine and warm to-day and probably Thursday.

DENISON.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m., Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

TUESDAY, Aug. 29.

Deg. Deg.

5 a.m. .... 48 Mean..... 58

Noon ..... 68 Highest..... 68

5 p.m. .... 48 Lowest..... 47

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. .... Calm.

Noon ..... 6 miles south.

5 p.m. .... 10 miles northeast.

Average state of weather—Fair.

Sunshine—7 hours 48 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed..... 30.290

Corrected..... 30.201

E. BAYNES REED,  
Provincial Forecast Official.

## PASSENGERS.

By steamer Islander from Vancouver:

H. Logan. R. Hanson. Mrs. Hanson.

R. W. Gordon. Mrs. Robertson.

Miss H. Warren. E. S. Carter.

A. Bray. G. W. Gray.

W. H. Buck. Mrs. H. Chapman.

Mrs. Warren. W. H. Bourke.

J. Finch. E. J. King.

J. T. Treadon. J. H. Lenson.

Mrs. Vincent. E. B. Morgan.

W. F. Pouch. B. F. Dunn.

J. D. Munn. W. H. Turpel.

F. J. Wheeler. M. Lavell.

P. Hansen. L. Fulton.

Miss H. Jensen. J. Dole.

R. J. Kerr. J. D. Nash.

Miss Jameson. W. H. Ashbury.

J. A. Rainford. W. H. Nichol.

G. Todd. W. H. Ashbury.

H. Chapman. W. H. Ashbury.

H. Allen. Mrs. Ashbury.

P. H. Greer. Miss Shipton.

W. Elliott. H. V. Kent.

W. H. Rourke. A. R. Tufts.

J. Snow. C. H. Bowman.

J. A. Harris. E. A. Lukes.

J. E. Marshall. W. H. Harbo.

By steamer Utopia from the Sound.

A. W. Hanley. H. R. Williams.

P. McVey. Mrs. Williams.

R. Chilberg. J. R. Williams.

Mrs. H. Smith. Mrs. Simpson.

Mrs. S. S. Gray. H. F. Bennett.

C. Hock. Mrs. Bennett.

Mrs. Hock. Mrs. Shaw.

Mrs. Rogers. J. Barrett.

Mrs. Rogers. Miss Coldwell.

Mrs. H. Hill. Miss Burns.

Mr. Grant. P. Fulton.

J. Ward. H. Poole.

Capt. L. B. Hastings.

## CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Islander from Vancouver:

A. McGregor & Son. J. H. Todd & Son.

S. Leidner & Co. Wilson Bros.

Parsons Pro. Co. Hudson Bay Co.

D. Spencer. E. G. Prior & Co.

Barsman H. & Co. Nicholles & R.

McRae H. & Smith. Hendry Bros.

Mrs. M. A. Victor. McQuade & Son.

Hutchison & Co. R. Lettice.

Lenz & Leiser. M. R. Smith & Co.

D. H. Ross & Co. G. Everett.

Erskine, W. & Co. Don. Exp. Co.

E. J. Saunders.

By steamer Utopia from the Sound.

Pithet & Leiser. L. Goodacre.

J. E. Munro & Co. E. G. Prior & Co.

P. R. Stewart. Elford & Smith.

S. Leidner & Co. B. C. Fur. Co.

R. H.ithert & Co. Henderson Bros.

R. H. Jameson. Queen's Printer.

## THE LOST GOLF-BALL.

Heated one day at the golf-links,

I was bungling all ill at ease;

And my footsteps faltered sadly

Over the grassy tees.

I know not what I was dreaming,

Nor why I had played so slack,

But I struck one ball such a smacker,

Like the sound of a rifle's crack!

It flew through the autumn twilight

With the speed of a shooting star,

And it lay in some cranny or corner

In infinite space afar.

It mocked all perplexed players

By bunker and tee and cop.

And it hurried away into distance

As if it were loth to stop.

I have sought, but I seek it vainly,

That one lost ball so dear.

That speed from the stroke of my golf-club,

And is lost for ever I fear.

It may be my good little caddie

Will find me that ball again;

It may be that only in dreamland

I shall make such a drive again!

MARINE NOTES.

## Valuable Cargo From China

Victorians will have lots of time to examine her.

When the Tees went North last evening Capt. Steele was navigating officer on board, and Capt. Le Blanc, whose position he fills, has been temporarily assigned to his old ship, the Amur, now under the C. P. N. flag. Purser Bishop has also been appointed to the Amur.

The steamer Islander is giving good service on the Vancouver route these days. On Saturday she made a very fast trip down, reaching Victoria from the Terminal City in a little less than five hours.

The German ship Brema arrived in the Royal Roads last evening in tow of the Lorrie, 43 days from Chai Kai Lo Chou, the new German port of the Shantung peninsula. The Brema is seeking.

Steamer Catch arrived from Vancouver yesterday, to go on the Esquimalt way for a cleaning and painting. She leaves Porter's wharf, above the bridge, for Skagway and Dyea to-morrow evening.

H. M. S. Warspite left yesterday for Comox on target practice. She will be followed to-day by the Virago, leaving only the uncommissioned Sparrowhawk in port.

Steamer Cottage City touched at the outer wharf early yesterday morning, and after taking an Alaskan mail, proceeded north. She was well loaded.

It would seem from the many small steamers in port yesterday that now the fishing season is over there will be no more lack of such vessels.

Steamer Oscar came in yesterday from Anacortes, with 40 tons of American hay.

form and presented to the council, as I do not know how they could make \$1,000 (one thousand dollars) easier, and it would be doing the gentleman offering the amount a very kind act, as it might learn him to stick to the old but wise motto of his grandmother's, to think twice before speaking once.

I conclude by thanking you for past favors, and trusting that the onlookers in the future will help, instead of trying to hinder, anything that may be done for the benefit of this fair city of ours.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

Victoria, August 27, 1899.

"UNCALLED-FOR CRITICISM."

Sir: The Mayor and Alderman Humphrey (according to this morning's Colonist report of the proceedings of the city council) have succeeded in persuading themselves that the dolings of the council are removed far above the criticisms of such common, everyday people as the ratepayers of this city, and that it is the duty of the last named body to stand by and see their money wasted so long at the great sum—the Mayor and Alderman aforesaid—satisfied. I am glad to note that two members of the council do not lay claim to infallibility, seeing that they had the courage to state that the paving was costing too much. Alderman Humphrey is of opinion apparently that the work is being admirably performed and that criticism is uncalled for. Let me assure the alderman that one result—patent to any observer—of what he has been pleased to term "uncalled-for criticism," is that the work is progressing much faster than was at first the case.

Some two years ago, being dissatisfied with the then method of collecting the water rates, I started an agitation and indulged in a good deal of "uncalled-for criticism" with a view to making an improvement in that direction. After an uphill fight—in the course of which Alderman Humphrey saw fit to tell me in Tolmie & Stewart's that I was "talking through my hat," myself and friends succeeded in carrying our point and our suggestions were adopted with, I quote from the report of the water commissioner for last year, the following result: "A radical change was made in the method of collecting the water rates. A by-law was passed making them payable at the city hall, with a rebate if paid before a certain date. The change has been an unqualified success. The only wonder is that it was not made years ago, as I am sure the city could have been gathered by a large amount. I must confess to being rather doubtful as to how the system would work for the first few months, but in October (the first month) the collections amounted to \$10,479.25, or about \$6,000 over the average, and for the year the total was \$59,378.52, being over \$5,000 more than has ever been collected in any one year, and the arrears on December 31st are only \$5,381, against \$7,600.86 at the same time in 1897."

That, Mr. Editor, is one result of a little so-called "uncalled-for criticism." The May-or (or the accent on the "or") please seems to think, and Alderman Humphrey apparently agrees with him, that strict exclusiveness is an indispensable and necessary adjunct of those in high places, and that so humble an individual as a ratepayer and citizen of some standing should approach himself and colleagues with humility and in such a way that the public—whose servants they are—should be unaware that they can do, and are doing, wrong.

I, in common with many other citizens, am of the opinion that not only is this corporation liable to err, but that they do err very often, we can only protect ourselves by remembering that they must one day appeal to the people. However, these last must remember that \$1 per day is the standard price for the article.

Who should be better able to pass judgment on this important matter than the very persons who would have to bear the burden in the payment of taxes? Surely the wishes of the owners of over \$2,000,000 of the city's realty are entitled to some further consideration at the hands of those who are supposed to voice the wishes of the people than to have so important a matter practically placed on the shelf, for that is the meaning of the council's action in deferring the consideration of the matter.

What are the powers at work behind the scenes? They are too plainly to be seen, and not the least of which is the influence of the Canadian Pacific. Should the proposed connection with Port Angeles be accomplished, in order to protect its own interests and to be in a position to satisfactorily compete for Victoria business, to make connection with Victoria, and that, too, at their own expense. So also would we find other transcontinental lines making better connection with Victoria.

What was the unanimous voice expressed at the public meeting in the city hall a short time ago to publicly discuss this important question? It was in favor of the project, and yet we find the majority and a majority of the aldermen setting themselves up as better judges of the wishes of the ratepayers than the people themselves.

One alderman said "the scheme was turned down by the Committee of Fifty." Who are the Committee of Fifty and what have they done? They are, or were, a one-horse committee voicing the wishes and opinions of one but themselves, and responsible to no one, and never should have been appointed.

The opponents of the Angeles scheme are afraid to give the people a chance to vote for or against it. Let them come out and fight a fair and manly fight, and defeat the by-law if they can, with the use of any and every legitimate means at their command, and defeat it at the polls, and not at the al